

词汇	词根/词缀	联想记忆法	例句
arbitrage	arbit (判断) + rage	"判断价差"→套利	Hedge funds profit from currency arbitrage.
barter	—	"以物易物"→实物交易	Ancient tribes used barter before coins existed.
collateral	col- (共) + later (边)	"共同担保物"→抵押品	The loan requires property as collateral.
dividend	divid (分) + end	"分红"→股息	Shareholders receive annual dividends.
equity	equ (平等) + ity	"平等权益"→股权	Private equity firms invest in startups.
franchise	franc (自由) + hise	"特许经营权"→加盟模式	McDonald's operates on a franchise model.
glut	—	"过量供应"→过剩	A glut of oil crashed prices.
hedge	—	"篱笆保护"→对冲	Farmers hedge against crop price risks.
inflation	in- (内) + flat (胀)	"内部膨胀"→通货膨胀	Central banks combat inflation with interest
junk bond	junk + bond	"垃圾债券"→高风险债券	Junk bonds offer high yields but high risks.
kickback	kick + back	"回扣"→非法佣金	Corruption involves secret kickbacks.
liquidity	liqu (流) + idity	"流动性"→资金周转能力	Cash provides instant liquidity.
monopoly	mono (独) + poly (卖)	"独家售卖"→垄断	Antitrust laws prevent monopoly power.
nexus	—	"关系网"→商业枢纽	Singapore is a global trade nexus.
oligopoly	olig (少) + poly (卖)	"少数卖家控制"→寡头垄断	The telecom industry is an oligopoly.
premium	pre- (前) + em (取)	"额外费用"→溢价	Organic products sell at a premium.
quota	—	"配额"→限额	Import quotas protect local industries.
recession	re- (回) + cess (走)	"经济倒退"→衰退	The 2008 recession impacted global markets.
solvent	solv (解) + ent	"能偿还的"→有偿债能力的	Companies must stay solvent to avoid
tariff	—	"关税"→进口税	Trade wars escalate with higher tariffs.
undercut	under + cut	"低价抢市"→削价竞争	New competitors undercut prices by 30%.
venture	vent (来) + ure	"冒险事业"→风险投资	Venture capital fuels tech innovation.
warranty	war (保证) + ranty	"质量保证"→保修单	Electronics come with a one-year warranty.
yield	—	"产出率"→收益率	Government bonds have stable yields.
acquisition	ac- (向) + quis (取)	"收购"→企业并购	The acquisition expanded market share.
blue-chip	blue + chip	"蓝筹股"→稳健投资	Blue-chip stocks are less volatile.

commodity	com- (共) + mod (样)	"大宗商品"→原材料	Oil and gold are traded commodities.
derivative	de- (下) + riv (流)	"衍生品"→金融衍生工具	Derivatives hedge against market fluctuations.
escrow	—	"第三方托管"→暂管账户	Funds are held in escrow until contract
fiscal	fisc (国库) + al	"财政的"→国库相关的	Fiscal policies adjust tax rates.
gross	—	"毛利润"→总收入	Gross profit excludes operating costs.
hike	—	"涨价"→大幅提高	The Fed announced a rate hike.
insolvent	in- (否) + solvent	"资不抵债"→破产的	Insolvent firms face liquidation.
jargon	—	"行业术语"→专业黑话	Legal documents contain complex jargon.
keystone	key + stone	"关键要素"→核心战略	Pricing is the keystone of marketing.
leverage	lever (杠杆) + age	"杠杆作用"→借力经营	Leverage amplifies both gains and losses.
marginal	margin (边缘) + al	"边际的"→微小的	Marginal costs affect production decisions.
niche	—	"利基市场"→小众领域	Niche products target specific consumers.
outlay	out + lay	"支出"→资金投入	Initial outlays for R&D are high.
proxy	pro- (代) + xy	"代理"→代表权	Shareholders vote by proxy.
quantify	quant (量) + ify	"量化"→数据化评估	Risks must be quantified before investment.
rally	—	"反弹"→市场回升	Stocks rallied after positive earnings reports.
syndicate	syn- (共) + dic (说)	"财团"→联合企业	A syndicate funded the infrastructure project.
tangible	tang (触) + ible	"有形的"→实物资产	Tangible assets include buildings and
uptick	up + tick	"小幅上涨"→微升	An uptick in sales boosted confidence.
voucher	—	"代金券"→消费凭证	Travel vouchers expire in six months.
windfall	wind + fall	"意外之财"→横财	The lawsuit brought a windfall profit.
xenocurrenc	xeno (外) + currency	"境外货币"→外币	Xenocurrency trading involves exchange risks.
yen	—	"日元"→日本货币	The yen weakened against the dollar.
zero-sum	zero + sum	"零和博弈"→一方赢一方输	Trade negotiations aren't zero-sum games.