

词汇	词根/词缀	联想记忆法	例句
democracy	demo (人民) + cracy (统治)	"人民统治"→民主	Ancient Athens practiced direct democracy.
dictatorship	dict (说) + ator + ship	"独裁者统治"→专政	The dictatorship suppressed free speech.
ideology	ideo (思想) + logy	"思想体系"→意识形态	Political ideologies influence policies.
bureaucracy	bureau (办公室) + cracy	"官僚机构"→官僚主义	Bureaucracy slows decision-making.
corruption	cor- (完全) + rupt (破)	"完全破坏规则"→腐败	Corruption undermines public trust.
election	e- (出) + lect (选)	"选出代表"→选举	The election results were announced.
policy	polis (城市) + cy	"城市管理规则"→政策	Environmental policies aim to reduce pollution.
reform	re- (再) + form (形)	"再次塑造"→改革	Tax reforms benefited the middle class.
sovereignty	over (上) + reign	"至高统治权"→主权	Nations defend their sovereignty.
treaty	treat (处理) + y	"处理协议"→条约	The peace treaty ended the war.
welfare	wel (好) + fare (进展)	"改善生活"→福利	Welfare programs assist low-income families.
activist	act (行动) + ist	"行动者"→活动家	Climate activists protested downtown.
apartheid	apart + heid (状态)	"种族隔离"→apartheid	Apartheid was abolished in South Africa.
coalition	co- (共) + alit (成长)	"共同成长体"→联盟	A coalition government was formed.
discriminatio	dis- (分) + crimin (判)	"区别对待"→歧视	Gender discrimination is illegal.
feminism	femina (女性) + ism	"女性主义"→女权运动	Feminism advocates gender equality.
immigration	im- (入) + migr (移)	"移入境内"→移民	Immigration laws vary by country.
nationalism	nation + alism	"国家主义"→民族主义	Extreme nationalism can lead to conflict.
refugee	re- (回) + fug (逃)	"逃回安全处"→难民	Refugees fled the war zone.
sanction	sanct (神圣) + ion	"神圣裁决"→制裁	Economic sanctions were imposed.
urbanization	urban + ization	"城市化"→城市化	Rapid urbanization strains infrastructure.
censorship	cens (审查) + orship	"内容审查"→审查制度	Internet censorship limits free expression.
civil rights	civil + rights	"公民权利"→民权	The Civil Rights Movement fought against
constitution	con- (共) + stitut	"共同建立"→宪法	The constitution guarantees freedom of religion.
federal	feder (联盟) + al	"联盟的"→联邦的	Federal laws override state laws.
judiciary	judic (判断) + ary	"判断系统"→司法部门	The judiciary interprets laws.

legislation	legis (法律) + lation	"法律制定"→立法	New legislation protects consumers.
monarchy	mon (独) + archy (统治)	"独裁统治"→君主制	The UK is a constitutional monarchy.
parliament	parle (谈话) + ment	"议事机构"→议会	Parliament passed the bill.
veto	—	"我禁止"拉丁词源→否决权	The president used his veto power.
anarchy	an- (无) + archy (统治)	"无政府状态"→混乱	The coup led to temporary anarchy.
autonomy	auto (自己) + nomy (法)	"自我管理"→自治权	Tibet has limited autonomy.
colonialism	colon (殖民地) + ism	"殖民主义"→殖民扩张	Colonialism exploited resources.
delegate	de- (下) + leg (派)	"派下代表"→代表	Delegates attended the summit.
diplomacy	diplo (双) + macy	"双向沟通"→外交	Diplomacy resolved the border dispute.
globalization	globe + ization	"全球化"→全球化	Globalization increases cultural exchange.
humanitaria	human + itarian	"人道主义"→人道援助	Humanitarian aid reached disaster areas.
infrastructur	infra (下) + structure	"下层建筑"→基础设施	Aging infrastructure needs upgrades.
neutrality	neutr (中立) + ality	"中立状态"→中立	Switzerland maintains neutrality.
propaganda	pro- (前) + pag (固定)	"固定观念宣传"→宣传	War propaganda often distorts facts.
ratify	rat (计算) + ify	"正式确认"→批准	The senate ratified the treaty.
segregation	se- (分) + greg (群)	"群体分隔"→种族隔离	School segregation was outlawed.
suffrage	suf- (下) + frage (碎)	"为碎片发声"→投票权	Women's suffrage was achieved in 1920.
totalitarian	total + itarian	"全面控制"→极权主义的	Totalitarian regimes restrict freedoms.
unilateral	uni (单) + lateral	"单边行动"→单方面的	Unilateral sanctions angered allies.
welfare	wel (好) + fare (进展)	"改善生活"→福利	Welfare programs assist low-income families.
xenophobia	xeno (异) + phobia	"恐惧外来者"→仇外心理	Xenophobia fuels anti-immigrant policies.
apathy	a- (无) + pathy (感)	"无感状态"→冷漠	Voter apathy affects turnout.
bipartisan	bi- (双) + partisan	"两党合作"→跨党派的	Bipartisan efforts passed the bill.