

词汇	词根/词缀	联想记忆法	例句
assimilation	as- (向) + simil (相同)	"文化趋同"→同化	Cultural assimilation may weaken traditions.
bilingual	bi- (双) + lingu (语言)	"双语能力"→双语的	Bilingual education enhances cognitive
cosmopolitan	cosmo (世界) + polit (公民)	"世界公民"→国际化的	New York is a cosmopolitan city.
dialect	dia- (跨) + lect (说)	"地区性语言"→方言	The southern dialect differs from Mandarin.
ethnicity	ethn (种族) + icity	"种族身份"→族裔	The festival celebrates diverse ethnicities.
folklore	folk (民间) + lore (知识)	"民间传说"→民俗	Folklore preserves ancient wisdom.
gender	gen (生) + der	"社会性别"→性别	Gender equality is a global goal.
homogeneous	homo (同) + gene (种类)	"同质化"→同质的	The community is culturally homogeneous.
immigrant	im- (入) + migr (迁移)	"移入者"→移民	Immigrants contribute to economic growth.
indigenous	indi (内部) + gen (生)	"原生民族"→土著的	Indigenous tribes protect rainforests.
multicultural	multi (多) + cultural	"多元文化"→多文化的	Canada promotes multicultural policies.
nomadic	nomad (游牧) + ic	"游牧生活"→游牧的	Nomadic tribes follow seasonal routes.
orthodox	ortho (正) + dox (观点)	"正统信仰"→正统的	Orthodox customs resist modernization.
patriarchy	patri (父) + archy (统治)	"父权制度"→父权制	Feminism challenges patriarchy.
prejudice	pre- (前) + jud (判断)	"预先判断"→偏见	Racial prejudice harms social harmony.
queer	—	"非传统性别"→酷儿	Queer theory explores identity fluidity.
refugee	re- (回) + fug (逃)	"逃亡者"→难民	War refugees seek asylum abroad.
secular	sec (时代) + ular	"非宗教的"→世俗的	Secular education separates religion.
taboo	—	"禁忌"波利尼西亚词源→禁忌	Discussing death is taboo in some cultures.
urbanization	urban + ization	"城市化"→城市化	Rapid urbanization strains infrastructure.
vernacular	vern (本土) + acular	"本土语言"→白话	Shakespeare wrote in Elizabethan vernacular.
xenophobia	xeno (异) + phobia	"仇外心理"→仇外	Xenophobia fuels anti-immigrant policies.
youthquake	youth + quake (震动)	"青年文化震动"→青年浪潮	The 1960s youthquake changed fashion.
zeitgeist	zeit (时代) + geist (精神)	"时代精神"→思潮	Punk music captured the 1970s zeitgeist.
anthropology	anthrop (人) + logy	"人类研究"→人类学	Anthropology examines cultural evolution.
colonization	colon (定居) + ization	"殖民统治"→殖民化	European colonization impacted indigenous

decolonization	de- (去) + colonization	"去殖民化"→非殖民化	Decolonization reshaped post-war geopolitics.
egalitarian	egal (平等) + itarian	"平等主义"→平等主义的	Scandinavian societies are highly egalitarian.
feudalism	feud (封地) + ism	"封建制度"→封建主义	Feudalism dominated medieval Europe.
globalization	globe + ization	"全球互联"→全球化	Globalization accelerates cultural exchange.
hegemony	hegemon (霸权) + y	"文化霸权"→霸权主义	American hegemony influences global media.
iconoclasm	icon (偶像) + clas (打破)	"打破偶像"→反传统	Punk rock embraced iconoclasm.
jingoism	—	"极端爱国主义"→沙文主义	Jingoism often leads to international conflicts.
kinship	kin (亲属) + ship	"亲属关系"→血缘关系	Kinship ties determine tribal inheritance.
marginalization	margin + ization	"边缘化"→边缘化	Poverty causes social marginalization.
neocolonialism	neo (新) + colonialism	"新殖民主义"→经济殖民	Critics accuse multinationals of neocolonialism.
oligarchy	olig (少数) + archy (统治)	"少数统治"→寡头政治	Oligarchy concentrates power among elites.
pluralism	plural + ism	"多元共存"→多元主义	Religious pluralism fosters tolerance.
quintessential	quint (第五) + essence	"典型代表"→精髓的	Jazz is quintessential American culture.
renaissance	re- (再) + naiss (生)	"文化复兴"→文艺复兴	The Renaissance revolutionized European art.
stereotype	stereo (固定) + type	"刻板印象"→模式化观念	Gender stereotypes limit career choices.
totalitarian	total + itarian	"极权统治"→极权主义的	Totalitarian regimes suppress dissent.
utopia	u- (无) + top (地方)	"理想国"→乌托邦	Thomas More coined "utopia" in 1516.
veneration	vener (尊敬) + ation	"祖先崇拜"→敬奉	Veneration of elders is Confucian tradition.
welfare	well + fare (状态)	"社会福利"→福利制度	Welfare programs reduce poverty.
xenial	xeni (客) + al	"好客的"→友善待客的	Xenial customs welcome strangers.
yokel	—	"乡巴佬"→土包子	Urban elites sometimes mock yokel manners.
zoomorphism	zoo (动物) + morph (形)	"动物神化"→兽形神崇拜	Ancient Egyptians practiced zoomorphism.